

## Seattle Public Schools Science Standards

# Balls and Ramps

(Insights)

Grade 1

PHYSICAL  
SCIENCE

<b>EARL #1 The student understands and uses scientific concepts and principles.</b>		
<b>Component</b>	<b>Benchmarks</b>	<b>Lesson #s</b>
1.1 – Use properties to identify, describe, and categorize substances, materials, and objects.	<p><b><i>Properties of substances</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>use physical properties to estimate and describe materials</li> <li>use tools such as rulers</li> </ul>	1 – 2
	<p><b><i>Motion of objects</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>describe the relative position and motion of objects (i.e., higher, lower, behind, front, fast, slow)</li> </ul>	4
1.2 – Recognize the components, structure, and organization of systems and the interconnections within and among them.	<p><b><i>System</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>recognize that a system is a group of related objects that make up a whole (e.g., build a ramp system that demonstrates how balls interact on various incline planes)</li> </ul>	10 - 14
	<p><b><i>Energy transfer and transformation</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>experiment with systems that demonstrate how energy is transferred from one object to another (e.g., when one marble hits a stationary marble, some of the energy of motion of the first marble is transferred to the second marble)</li> </ul>	3 – 7
1.3 – Understand how interactions within and among systems cause changes in matter and energy.	<p><b><i>Nature of forces</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>demonstrate that a push or a pull is a force on object by whatever is touching it and acts in a particular direction</li> <li>observe how objects stretch, bend, and/or change their motion as a result of forces acting on them</li> </ul>	4
	<p><b><i>Forces to explain motion</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>investigate factors that determine the effects of a push or pull on the motion of objects</li> </ul>	4, 6, 7, 10 – 14
<b>EARL #2 The student understands the skills and processes of science and technology.</b>		
2.1 – Develop the abilities necessary to do scientific inquiry.	<p><b><i>Questioning</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ask questions about objects, organisms, and events in the environment</li> </ul>	All lessons
	<p><b><i>Designing and conducting investigations</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>plan and conduct simple investigations, using appropriate tools, measures, and safety rules</li> </ul>	4, 6, 7, 11 – 13

SCIENCE  
SKILLS/  
PROCESSES

SCIENTIFIC  
THINKING

	<p><b><i>Evidence and explanation</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>use data (observations) to construct reasonable explanations</li> </ul> <p><b><i>Modeling</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>model systems, events, or processes by representing them with concrete objects</li> </ul> <p><b><i>Communication</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>record and report observations through oral language, numbers, pictures, and sentences</li> </ul>	<p>4, 7, 9, 11 – 14</p> <p>8 – 10, 14</p> <p>All lessons</p>
2.2 – Apply science knowledge/skills to solve problems, meet challenges.	<p><b><i>Identifying problems</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>begin to identify problems in which science and technology can be used to find solutions</li> </ul> <p><b><i>Designing and testing solutions</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>propose, design, and test a solution to a problem</li> </ul> <p><b><i>Evaluating potential solutions</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>evaluate how well a design or a product solves a problem (e.g., ramp systems)</li> </ul>	<p>5 – 7, 14</p> <p>5 – 9, 14</p> <p>4 – 9</p>
<b>EARL #3 The student understands the nature and contexts of science and technology.</b>		
3.1 – Understand the nature of scientific inquiry	<p><b><i>Intellectual honesty</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>begin to understand that all scientific observations should be reported accurately even when they contradict expectations</li> </ul> <p><b><i>Dealing with inconsistencies</i></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>observe and discuss why similar investigations may not produce similar results</li> </ul>	<p>1 – 7, 11, 12</p> <p>4 – 7, 11, 12</p>